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According to REACH Regulations (EC) 1907/2006 and (EU) 2020/878

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product code : GK7255

Product name : Triethylamine

CAS number : 121-44-8

EINECS : 204-469-4

Physical form : liquid, substance

REACH : A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its uses

are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or

the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

PC21: Laboratory chemicals.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name : Glentham Life Sciences Ltd Telephone : +44 (0) 1225 667 798

Unit 5 Leafield Way Fax : +44 (0) 2033 978 909
Corsham SN13 9SW Email : info@glentham.com
United Kingdom Web : www.glentham.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: NHS Direct 111 (UK, 24 hours), 112 (EU, 24 Hours), +44 (0) 1225 667 798 (09.00 - 17.00 GMT)

number

2.1

2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP according to (EC) 1272/2008

H225 Flam. Liq. 2
H302 Acute Tox. 4
H311 Acute Tox. 3
H314 Skin Corr. 1A
H331 Acute Tox. 3
H335 STOT SE 3
H336 STOT SE 3

2.2 Label elements

Label elements under CLP according to (EC) 1272/2008

Pictograms







GHS02 GHS05 GHS06

Signal words Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H302 Harmful if swallowed H311 Toxic in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surface, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water [or

shower].



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P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and

easy to do - continue rinsing.

P370+P378

In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

P264

Do not breathe fume.

P241

Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name	Identifier	%	Classification
Triethylamine	CAS: 121-44-8 EC: 204-469-4 REACH: Not applicable	99.0%	H225, Flam. Liq. 2 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H314, Skin Corr. 1A H331, Acute Tox. 3 H335, STOT SE 3

4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

	still on skin. Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.
Eye contact	Consult a doctor. Transfer to hospital for specialist examination. Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes.
Ingestion	Consult a doctor. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10 minutes. If conscious, give half a litre of water to drink immediately. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible. Wash out mouth with water.
Inhalation	If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible. Consult a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.2

Skin contact	Absorption through the skin may be fatal. Blistering may occur. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate. There may be mild irritation at the site of contact. There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure.			
Eye contact	Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage. The eyes may water profusely. There may be irritation and redness. There may be severe pain.			
Ingestion	Blood may be vomited. Convulsions may occur. Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose. There may be irritation of the throat. There may be loss of consciousness. There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.			
Inhalation	Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. There may be loss of consciousness. There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. There may be vomiting.			
Delayed / immediate	Convulsions may occur. Delayed effects can be expected after long-term exposure. Immediate			

effects can be expected after short-term exposure. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose. There may be loss of consciousness.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatmen

Do not induce vomiting. Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Eye bathing equipment should be available on the premises.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers. Water spray.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards

Corrosive. Highly flammable. In combustion emits toxic fumes. May form flammable / explosive dust-air mixture. Toxic.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Eliminate all sources of ignition. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid. Refer to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain the spillage using bunding. Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures

Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which may produce sparks.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8 of SDS.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements

Avoid direct contact with the substance. Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Do not handle in a confined space. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Smoking is forbidden. Use non-sparking tools. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Avoid contact with water or humidity. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Prevent the build up of electrostatic charge in the immediate area. Store in cool, well ventilated area

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits

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Substance (CAS)	Control Parameter	Value	Notes	Source
Triethylamine (121-44-8)	Long-term Exposure Limit (ppm)	2	Sk	UK HSE EH40/2005
	Long-term Exposure Limit (mg m ⁻³)	8		
	Short-term Exposure Limit (ppm)	4	,	
	Short-term Exposure Limit (mg m ⁻³)	17	•	
	Long-term Exposure Limit (ppm)	8.4	Skin	2000/39/EC
	Long-term Exposure Limit (mg m ⁻³)	2		
	Short-term Exposure Limit (ppm)	12.6		
	Short-term Exposure Limit (mg m ⁻³)	3	,	

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures	Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.		
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protective device with particle filter. Self- contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.		
Hand protection	Impermeable gloves. Protective gloves.		
Eye protection	Ensure eye bath is to hand. Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles. Safety glasses.		
Skin protection	Protective clothing.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Colour Colourless
Odour No data available.
Melting point/Freezing point -115 °C

Boiling point/initial boiling point/boiling range 89.3 °C

Flammability Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Lower/Upper explosion limit

Flash Point

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

pH

Kinematic viscosity

Solubility

No data available.

112 - 112.4 g/L @ 20 °C

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water No data available.
Vapour pressure No data available.

Density/relative density 0.726

Relative vapour pressure No data available. Particle characteristics No data available.

9.2 Other information

No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable at room temperature. Stable under normal conditions.



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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below. Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Flames. Hot surfaces. Sources of ignition. Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

Carbon dioxide. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

11. Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

a) Acute toxicity

Triethylamine

96 hr LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimphales promelas) (Aquatic): 44 mg/L

48 hr LC50 Medaka (Oryzias latipes) (Aquatic): 720 mg/L

LD50 Rabbit (Dermal): 416 mg/kg

LD50 Mouse (IP): 405 mg/kg

LD50 Rat (Oral): 460 mg/kg

LD50 Mouse (Oral): 546 mg/kg

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 1A)

c) Serious eye damage/irritation

No data available.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

h) STOT-single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation (Category 3)

i) STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard

No data available.

11.2 Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact	Absorption through the skin may be fatal. Blistering may occur. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate. There may be mild irritation at the site of contact. There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure.
Eye contact	Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage. The eyes may water profusely. There may be irritation and redness. There may be severe pain.
Ingestion	Blood may be vomited. Convulsions may occur. Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose. There may be irritation of the throat. There may be loss of consciousness. There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

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Inhalation	Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest. There may be loss of consciousness. There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. There may be vomiting.
Delayed / immediate effects	Convulsions may occur. Delayed effects can be expected after long-term exposure. Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose. There may be loss of consciousness.
Other information	No data available.

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation potential.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Readily absorbed into soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This substance is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations

Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal company.

NE

The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

14. Transport information

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID		
14.1. UN number						
UN1296	UN1296	UN1296	UN1296	UN1296		
14.2. UN proper shipping nar	ne					
TRIETHYLAMINE	TRIETHYLAMINE	Triethylamine	TRIETHYLAMINE	TRIETHYLAMINE		
Transport document descrip	tion					
UN1296 TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II	UN1296 TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II	UN1296 Triethylamine, 3 (8), II	UN1296 TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II	UN1296 TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II		

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14.3. Transport hazard cla	ass(es)			
3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4. Packing group				
II	II	II	II	II
14.5. Environmental haza	rds			
No	No	No	No	No

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/787.

Authorisations/Restrictions

Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH, Annex XIV list of substances subject to
authorisation:

No data available.

Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH, Annex XVII restrictions on the manufacture, placing No data available. on the market and use of certain dangerous substances:

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

No data available.

Regulation (EC) 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants, amended by (EU) No

2019/1021:

No data available.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

16. Other information

H-Statement Full Texts

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H302 Harmful if swallowed
H311 Toxic in contact with skin
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H331 Toxic if inhaled
H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Abbreviations Full Texts

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ALARP As low as is reasonably practicable

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulations
COSHH Control of Substances Hazardous to Health

EC Number European Community Number EC50 Effective Concentration 50%

EILINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

GHS Globally Harmonised System
HSE Health & Safety Executive UK
IATA International Air Transport Association

IM Intramuscular

IMDG The International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IP Intraperitoneal IV Intravascular





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LD50 Lethal Dose 50%

LOEC Lowest Observable Effective Concentration

LTEL Long Term Exposure Limit

NOEC No Observable Effective Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperations and Development

PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PPE Personal Protective Equipment

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SC Subcutaneous
SDS Safety Data Sheet
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WEL Workplace Exposure Limits

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/787.

Disclaimer: Glentham Life Sciences shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This document does not guarantee the properties or quality of the product.

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